Amendments to the Claims:

Please amend claims 1, 7 and 32 as follows:

- 1. (Currently Amended) A method for producing a superconducting highly inductive component having at least two terminals, said method including: depositing an insulating film directly on a substrate, depositing a superconducting film on the insulating film, and depositing a stack of alternately superconducting and insulating films comprising at least one of a conductive line segment and a superconductive line segment incorporating at least one terminal of the component-on said insulating film on a substrate, said line segment including one of a conducting layer and a superconducting layer, said stack including a plurality of insulating layers and a plurality of superconductive material.
- 2. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein depositing of each film constituting the stack is realized so as for said film to be perfectly crystallized.
 - (Cancelled) 3.
 - 4. (Cancelled)

(Cancelled) 5.

The method according to claim 1, further 6. (Previously Presented)

including the following steps:

etching the stack of alternately superconducting and insulating films in such a

way that the stack only remains at the locations where an inductive component is to be

implanted.

(Currently Amended) 7. The method according to claim 51, further

including the following steps:

etching the stack in such a way that the stack only remains at the locations

where an inductive component is to be implanted; and

etching one of the superconducting filmfilms.

8-10. (Cancelled)

11. (Withdrawn) A system for producing a superconducting inductive

component having at least two terminals, said component comprising at least one line

segment incorporating at least one terminal of the component, said line segment constituting a

conducting or superconducting layer within a stack of alternately superconducting and

insulating films, implementing the method according to claim 1.

12. (Withdrawn) The system according to claim 11, further including:

means for depositing a stack of alternately superconducting and insulating

films, and

means for etching all of the deposited films, these said means being arranged in

such a way that said deposited films remain only at the locations where an inductive

component is to be implanted.

13. (Withdrawn) The system according to claim 11, further including:

means for depositing a superconducting film on a substrate,

means for depositing on the superconducting film a stack of alternately

superconducting and insulating films, and

means for etching all of the deposited films, these means being arranged in such

a way that the film remains only at the locations where a superconducting line is to be

implanted and the stack remains only at the locations where an inductive component is to be

implanted.

14-20. (Cancelled)

21. (Withdrawn) A superconducting inductive component having at least

two terminals, said component comprising at least one line segment incorporating at least one

terminal of the component, said line segment constituting a conducting or superconducting

layer within a stack of alternately superconducting and insulating films.

22. (Withdrawn) The component according to claim 21, wherein each film

constituting the stack is perfectly crystallized.

23. (Withdrawn) The component according to claim 21 wherein at least one

of the superconducting films is produced from YBa₂Cu₃O_{7-δ} compounds.

24. (Withdrawn) The component according to claim 21, wherein at least one

of the insulating films is made from LaAlO₃ compounds.

25. (Withdrawn) An antenna device comprising an electronic circuit

including the superconducting inductive component of claim 21.

(Withdrawn) The antenna device according to claim 25, wherein the 26.

antenna is produced from a superconducting thin film.

27. (Withdrawn) A delay line device comprising an inductive component in

series and a capacitive component in parallel downstream of said inductive component,

wherein the inductive component is the superconducting inductive component of claim 21.

28. (Withdrawn) A phase shift radar device comprising a plurality of

antennas each comprising an electronic circuit including a delay line according to claim 27,

said delay line being arranged such that each of said antennas transmits a signal whose phase

is shifted with respect to that of the near antennas.

29. (Withdrawn) An electronic frequency filtering device comprising an

electronic circuit including the superconducting inductive component of claim 21.

30. (Withdrawn) A high-pass filter device comprising an inductive

component in parallel and a capacitive component in series downstream of said inductive

component, wherein the inductive component is the superconducting inductive component of

claim 21.

(Withdrawn) A low-pass filter device comprising a capacitive 31.

component in parallel and an inductive component in series downstream of said capacitive

component, wherein the inductive component is the superconducting inductive component of

claim 21.

32. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein

the superconducting inductive component exhibits operates at a high inductance occurring

that is obtained at frequencies of 700-2000 Hz.